# Enabling Tools in Drug Discovery Microwave-Assisted Organic Synthesis & Automated Flash Chromatography

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# **Discovery in Chemistry**



ø Biotage

# MAOS as Enabling Tool in Drug Discovery



Increases Product

Purity

Reproducible

Results



#### MAOS Reaction Optimization Selecting Initial Time and Temperature



#### **Arrhenius Equation**

 $K = A e^{-DG/RT}$ 

- Increase ionic concentration
- Add polar co-solvent
  Ioluene, Dioxane, IHF, DCM



#### **Presentation Overview**

Microwave-Assisted Synthesis

**Sulfamide** 

- Solid Phase Microwave Assisted Synthesis
  - 1,3,5-Substituted triazine
- Rapid Purification of Compounds Synthesized by MAOS
  Normal and reversed phase Flash Chromatography

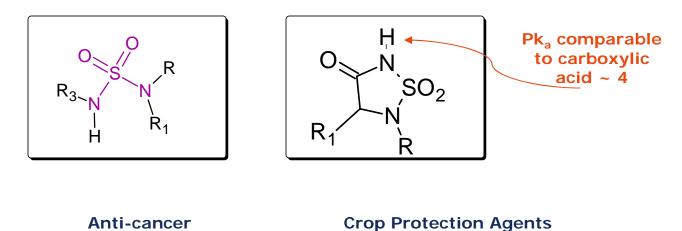


# Microwave-Assisted Sulfamide Synthesis



#### **Sulfamoyl Synthesis**

The sulfamide compounds are noted for their • potent antibacterial activity



Anti-cancer

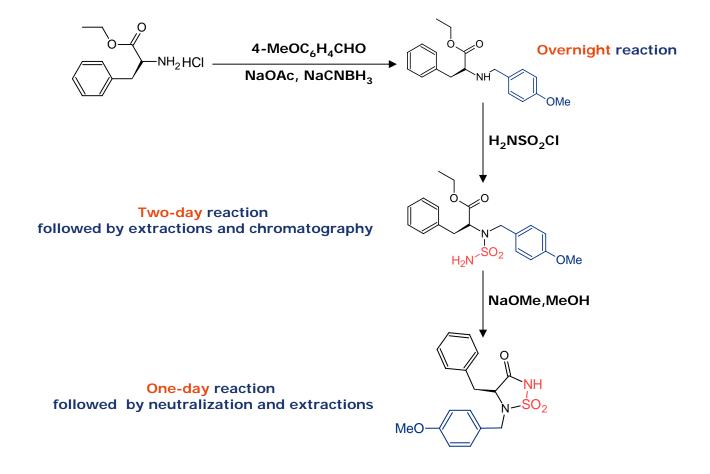
controlling blood sugar in diabetes

PTB-1b inhibitors may have role in

**Artificial sweetners** 



#### Literature Procedure of Sulfahydantion



#### Total time for Conventional synthesis: 4 days

Fernaando Albericio, Lois M. Bryman, Javier Garcia, Enrique I. Michelotti, Ernesto Nicolas, and Colin M. Tice, J. comb. Chem. 2001, 3, 290-300



# Modifications in Sulfahydantion Synthesis Procedure

Microwave irradiation used to shorten reaction time

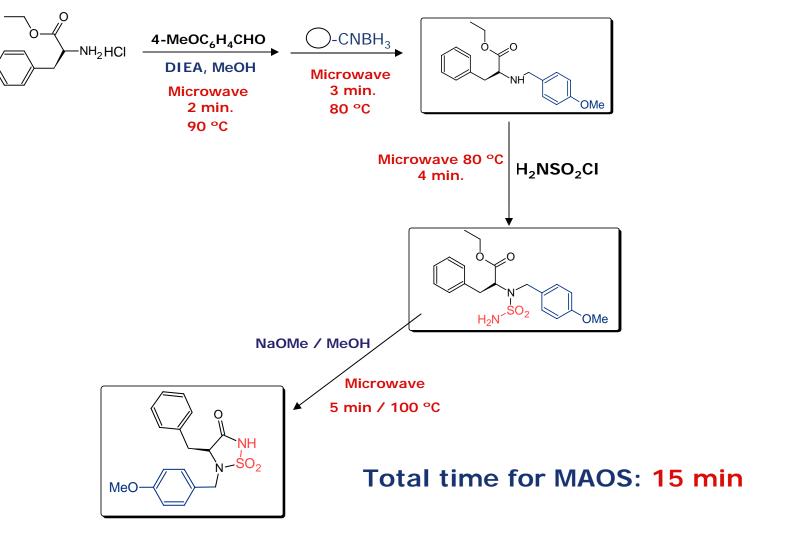
 Automated flash chromatography used for fast isolation of product



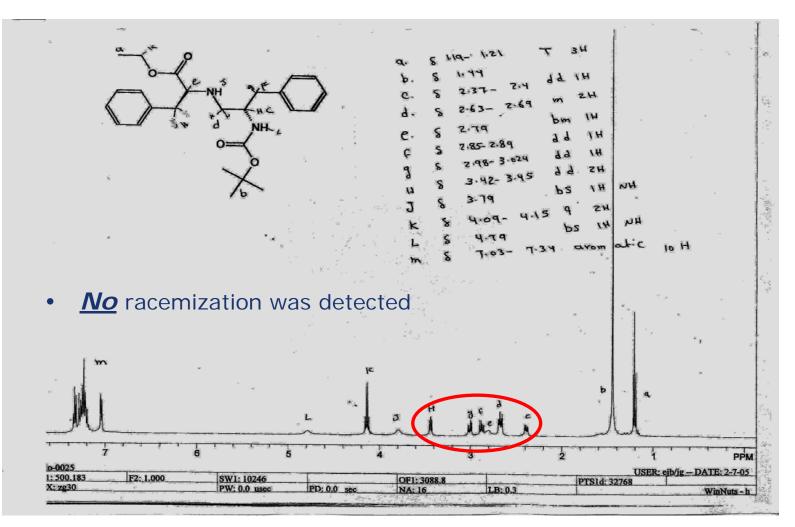
# Instrumentation for MAOS



# Microwave-Assisted Sulfahydantion Synthesis



### Microwave-Assisted Reductive Amination Racemization Study



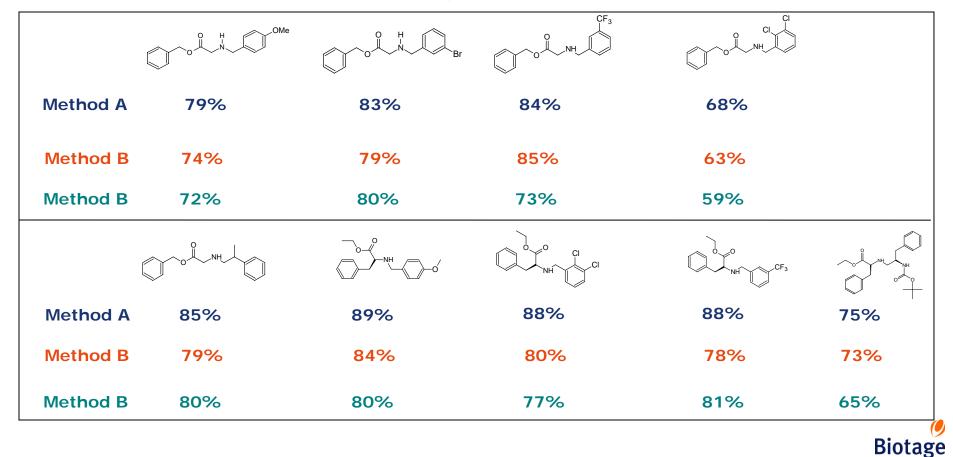
#### **Microwave-Assisted Amine Synthesis**

Method A: 2 eq. 1 M NaCNBH<sub>4</sub>

Method B: 2 eq. Si-CNBH<sub>4</sub>

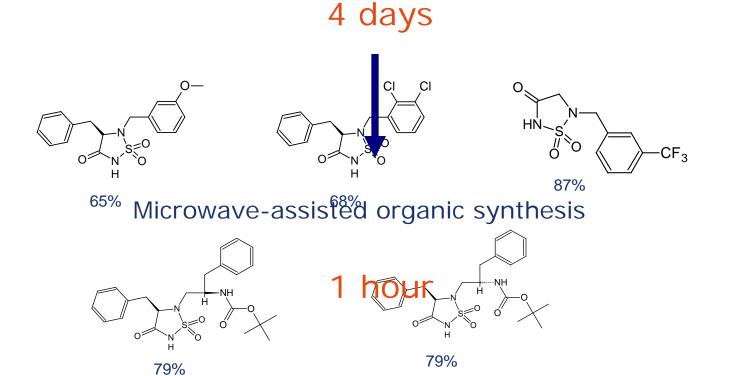
Method C: 2 eq. PS-CNBH<sub>4</sub>

13



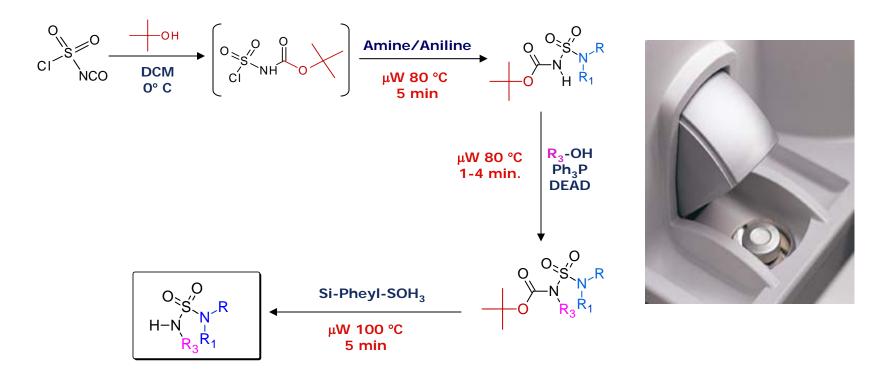
# Sulfahydantion Compounds Isolated yields

#### Conventional method of synthesis





### Microwave-Assisted Acyclic Unsymmetrical Sulfamides Synthesis



#### Total time for MAOS: 15 min

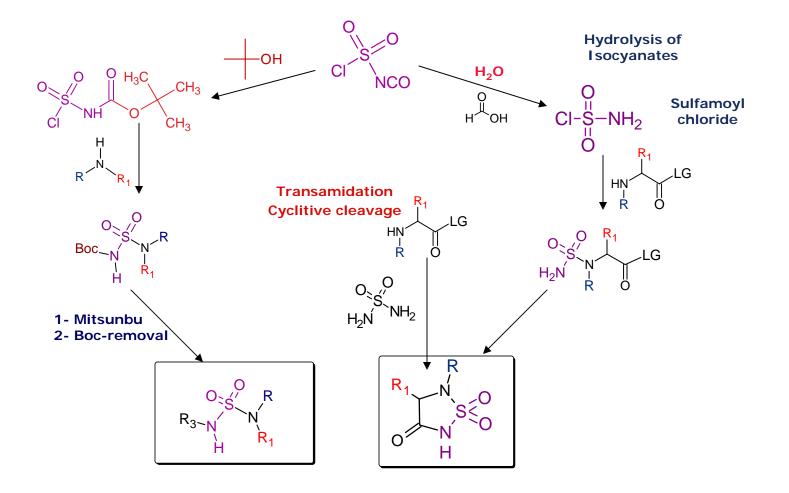


Abdaoui, M.; Dewyter, G.: Toupet, L.: Montero, J.-L. Tettrahedron 2000, 56, 2427-2435.

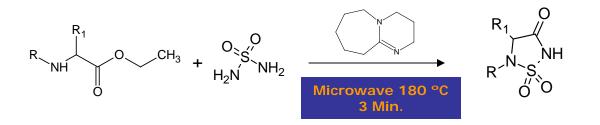
# **Acyclic Unsymmetrical Sulfamides**

#	Products	% Yield	$M^+ + Na$	<sup>1</sup> H NMR
15	NH <sup>S</sup> NH <sub>2</sub>	90	209.11	4.19 (s, 2H), 4.2 (s, 2H), 7.257 (m, 6H)
16		75	195.03	2.48 (s, 2H), 6.93(t, 1H), 7.05 (m, 2H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 9.22 (s, 1H)
17	N S NH2	75	209.05	3.17 (s, 3H), 5.02 (s, 2H), 7.36 (m, 5H)
18	NH2	61	235.63	0.92 (t, 2H), 3.37 (t, 2H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 6.89 (s, 2H), 7.16 (m, 4H)
19	NN NH2	91	264.02	2.51 (bs, 2H), 3.11 (t, 4H), 3.21 (t, 4H), 6.83 (m, 1H), 6.98 (d, 2H), 7.389 (t, 2H)
20		71	325.38	2.52 (m, 1H), 2.79 (t, 2H), 3.44 (t, 2H ), 4.20 (d, 2H) 4.29 (s, 2H), 7.33 (m, 9H)
21		92	353.99	3.12 (t, 4H), 3.06 (t, 4H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 4.68 (s, 1H), 6.832 (m, 3H), 7.22 (m, 7H)
22		89	354.42	1.92 (m, 2H), 2.68 (m, 4H), 3.23 (m, 2H), 3.49 (m,2H), 4.54 (s, 2H),5.68(bs, 1H), 7.1-7.5 (m, 8H)

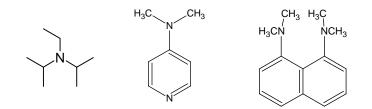
#### **Review in Literature Procedure**



#### **One Step Sulfamoylation & Cyclization**



Alternative non-nucleophilic strong base have examined





Andrew D. Campbell, Alan M. Birch, AstraZeneca Research and Development, Synlett 2005: 0834-0838

# Microwave-Assisted Solid Phase Synthesis



### Growing Interest in Microwave-Assisted Solid Phase Synthesis

significantly Shortens Reaction Time

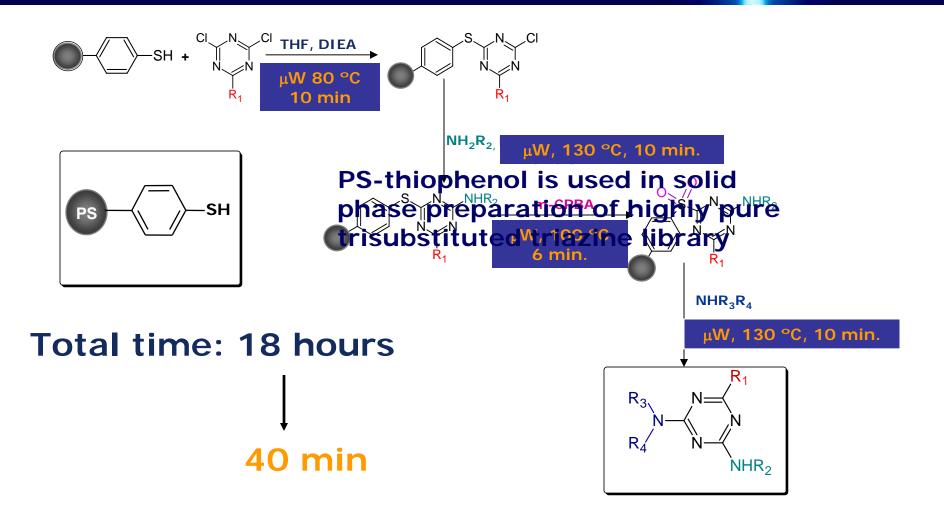
Reduces Solvation Problem

Reduces Degradation of the Polymer Support

Yu, H. M.; Chen, S. T.; Wang, K. T. *J. Org. Chem.*, **1992**, *57*, 4781 Larhed, M.; Lindeberg, G.; Hallberg, A. *Tetrahedron Lett.*, **1996**, *37*, 8219 Hoel A. M. L.; Nielsen, J. *Tetrahedron Lett.*, **1999**, 40, 3941

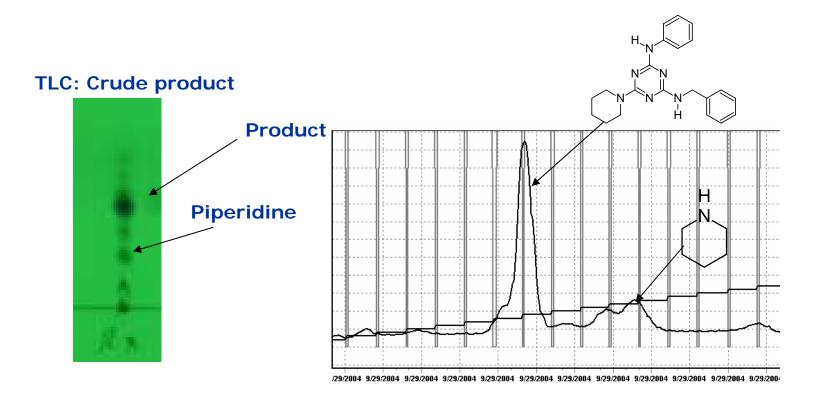


#### Literature Reported Procedure 1,3,5-Substituted Triazine



Khersonsky, M. S.; Chang, Y-T., J.Comb. Chem. 2004, 6, 474-477

### **Enhancing Triazine Purity**



- MAOS+ Flash = Overall 1 hr.
- purity >99% isolated yield 64%



# Automated Flash Chromatography in Rapid Isolation of Organic Product



### Conventional Workup & Purification Of Reductive Amination Product

- 1. Solvent is evaporated
- 2. The residue is suspended in 5% aq NaOH and extracted with EtOAc (x2)
- 3. Organic extract is dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>
- 4. Concentrated under reduced pressure
- 5. Crude product is taken up in EtOAc and extracted with 5% HCI (x 2)
- 6. The combined aqueous extracts is neutralized with solid K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
- 7. Cooled to <5 °C in an ice bath, and treated with 50% aq NaOH
- 8. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (x 3)
- 9. The EtOAc extracts is combined, dried over  $MgSO_4$  and concentrated

Biotage

## Flash Workup & Purification

1. Reaction mixture transferred onto Samplet

2. Samplet inserted onto Flash cartridge

3. Cartridge loaded into barrel

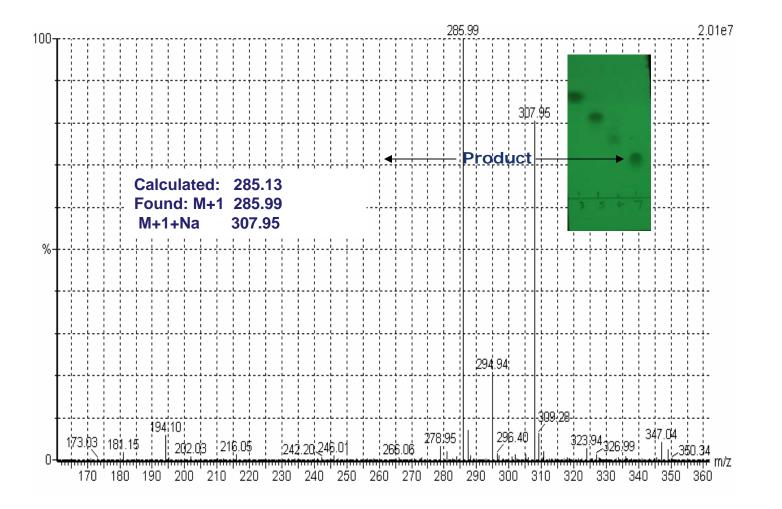
4. Automated Flash chromatography was run



SP Automated Purification System

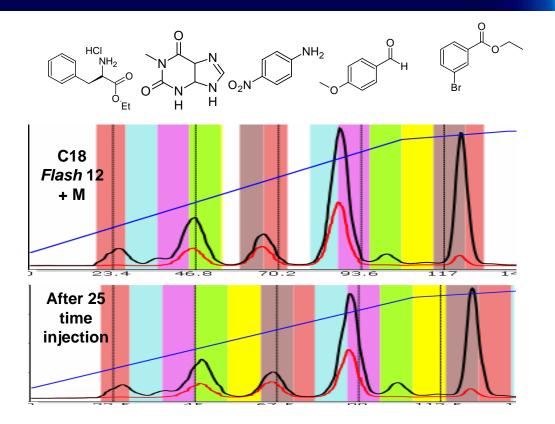


# **Flash Purification of Amine**





#### C18 Flash Cartridge Performance

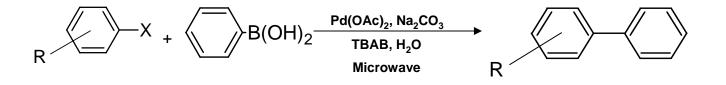


Consistent resolution, retention and same peak shape



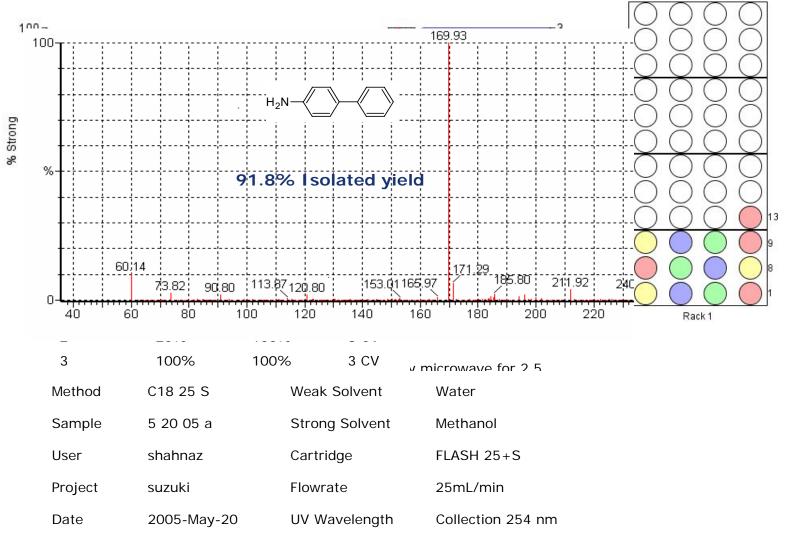
# C18 Flash Purification in Suzuki Reaction

- Water can be used as solvent in microwave-assisted Suzuki reaction
  - Reaction is completed in minutes



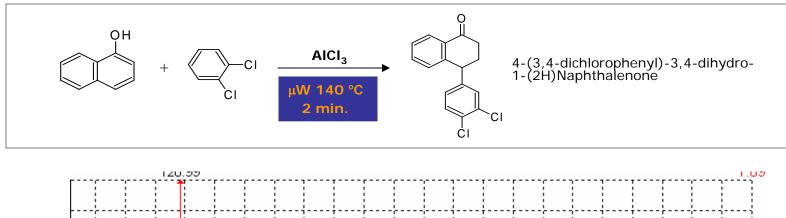
 The product is isolated through extraction followed by chromatography

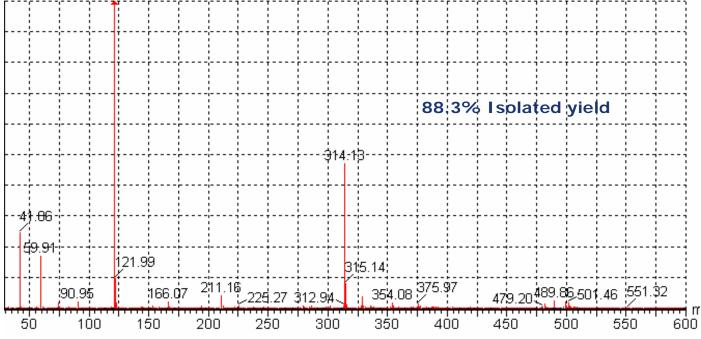
## C18 *Flash Purification* in Rapid Purification of Suzuki Reaction





# Microwave-Assisted Friedel-Crafts Alkylation

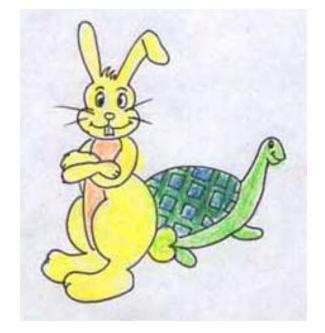






# Conclusion



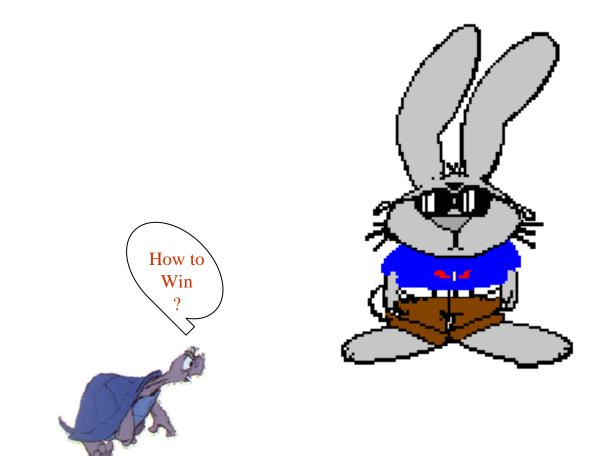






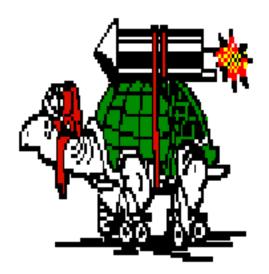








# Secret Weapon!









#### SUMMARY

- MAOS is a versatile tool that speeds up the chemistry development process
  - Both in solution and solid phase organic synthesis
- Automated Flash Chromatography can eliminates the workup and purification bottleneck
- Simplification and enhancement of drug discovery process



#### **Discovery Chemistry Group in Charlottesville**

